# 2009 Group Results



### **Agenda**

- Salient features
- Group financial results
- Operational review
- The way forward



#### **Salient Features**

- Turnover up 6%
- Volumes down 6%
- Trading income down 27%
- Cash from operations R2.2bn
- HEPS down 53%
- Dividend reduced to 42 cents



## **GROUP FINANCIAL RESULTS**



# **Group Income Statement**

Rm	2009	2008	%
Revenue	19 586	18 458	6
Trading income before abnormal items	1 128	1 537	27
Abnormal items	533	588	
Profit from operations	595	949	37
Net finance costs	328	265	
Income from investments	6	5	
Share of profit from associates	1	9	
Profit before tax	272	698	61
Income tax	70	202	
Profit for the year	202	495	59
HEPS	83.8c	177.3c	53



#### **Abnormal Items**

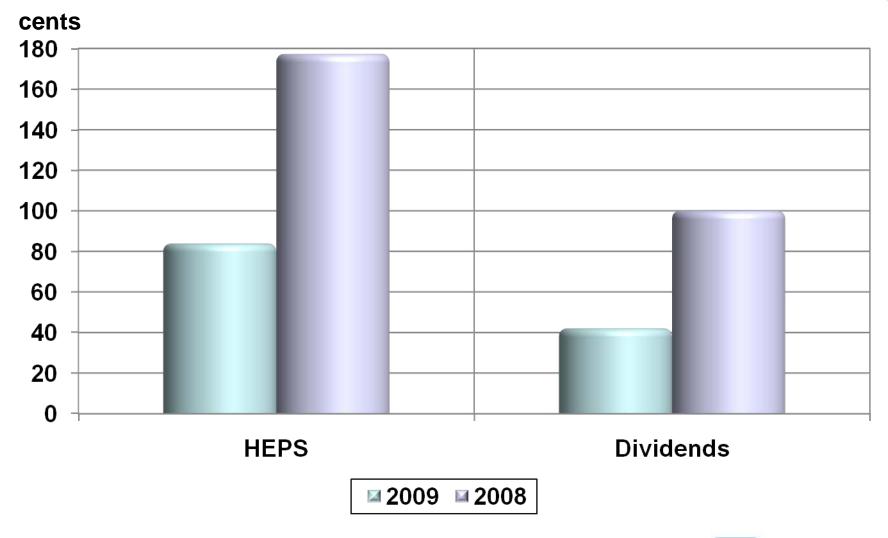
Rm	2009	2008
Impairment of goodwill, plant, property & investments	390	602
Retrenchment and restructuring	107	94
Fair value of financial instruments	54	26
Impairment of loans to minority shareholders	37	-
Share based payment expense	18	13
Net profit on disposal of property and business	28	24
Thorpe fire loss	-	51
Onerous lease provision reversed/raised	26	65
Thorpe fire insurance proceeds	19	161
	533	588



#### **Tax Rate**

Rm	2009
Profit before tax	272
Tax	70
Effective tax rate	25.8%
Government incentives	11.4%
Deferred tax assets	10.4%
Prior year adjustments	7.3%
Disallowable expenses	16.1%
Disallowed impairments	5.4%
Other	5.4%
Standard tax rate	28.0%

#### **HEPS/Dividends per Share**



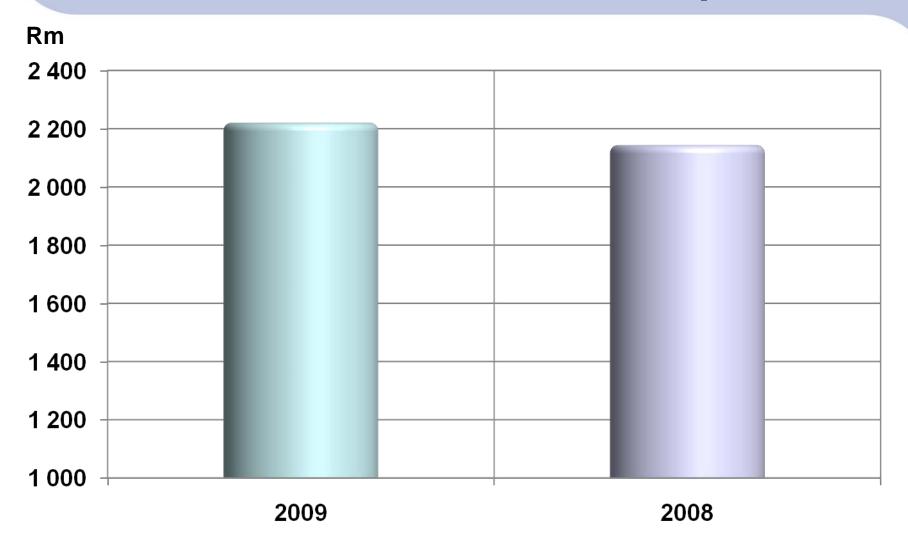


# **Abridged Balance Sheet**

Rm	2009	2008
Non-current assets	7 382	7 530
Current assets	6 535	7 933
Assets held for sale	175	52
TOTAL ASSETS	14 092	15 515
Total equity	5 130	5 992
Non-current liabilities	3 697	3 437
Current liabilities	5 185	6 086
Liabilities associated with assets held for sale	80	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	14 092	15 515



### **Cash Generated from Operations**





## **Major Capex Projects**

Division	Project	Rm
Angola	Beverage can factory	370
Corrugated	Paper mill	118
Glass	Cullet plant	48
Liquid	New milk bottle	26
Cartons & Labels	Size 3 press	24
Tissue	10's packaging	20
TOTAL	2009	1 129
	2008	1 576



# **Working Capital**

Rm		Net Working Capital
September 2008		2 824
Translation diffs and other non-cash movements		-345
Fair value of financial instruments		-36
Inventory	173	
Receivables	-204	
Payables	-167	-198
September 2009		2 245

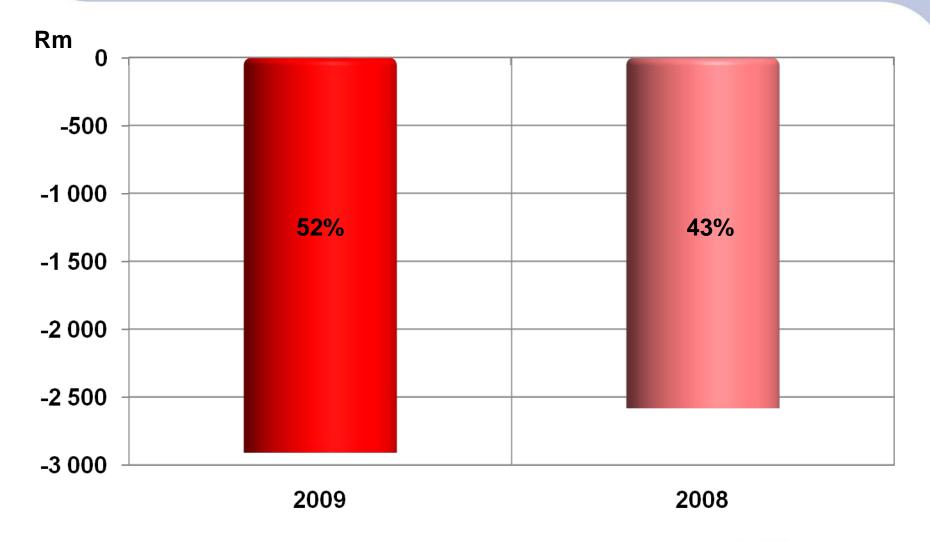


## **Group Condensed Cash Flow**

	Rm
Operating profit before working capital changes	2 022
Working capital changes	198
Cash generated from operations	2 220
Net interest paid	364
Tax paid	416
Dividends/cash distribution paid	529
Capex	1 129
Net borrowings repaid	473
Other	76
Net cash outflow	767

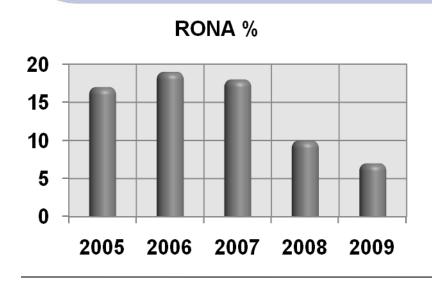


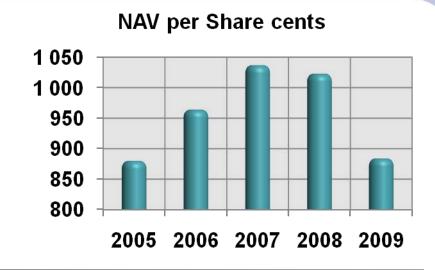
#### **Net Debt**

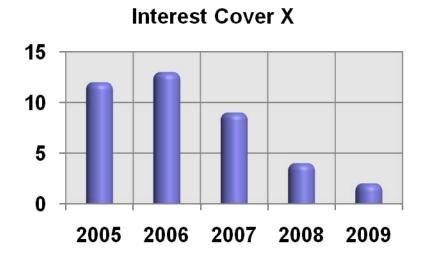


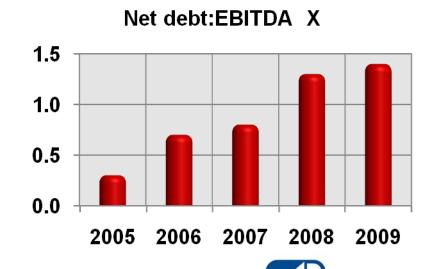


## **Key Ratios**









## **OPERATIONAL REVIEW**



# **Geographical Segmentation**

Rm	Revenue		Trading	income	Margin %		
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	
South Africa	13 307	12 291	843	1 222	6.3	9.9	
Rest of Africa	1 403	1 056	69	71	4.9	6.7	
Europe	5 220	5 441	216	244	4.1	4.5	
Eliminations	344	330					
	19 586	18 458	1 128	1 537	5.7	8.3	



#### **Metals & Glass**

Rm	Revenue		Trading	income	Marg	jin %
	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008
Africa	6 003	5 061	742	807	12.4	15.9

- Tinplate price increase recovered
- Beverage can volumes down 4% in SA
- Food can volumes up 5%
- Diversified cans down 11% generally higher margin
- Glass plant at full capacity improved manufacturing efficiencies
- Nigeria profitable
- Angolan project approval still awaited



## **Paper**

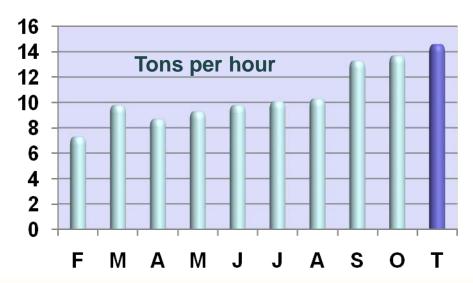
	Revenue		Trading income		Margin %	
	2009	2008	2009 2008		2009	2008
Africa Rm	5 460	5 121	14	253	0.3	4.9
Europe £m	238	226	5.5	2.5	2.3	1.2

• Substantial loss in Corrugated



### Corrugated

- Trading loss R250m
- Mill capex R504m final cost R798m
- Commissioned 6 months late
- Volumes down 10% plus margin pressure
- R274m impairment
- Overdue debtors reduced from R135m in 2008 to R50m in Sep 2009





### **Paper**

	Revenue		Trading income		Margin %	
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Africa Rm	5 460	5 121	14	253	0.3	4.9
Europe £m	238	226	5.5	2.5	2.3	1.2

- Substantial loss in Corrugated
- Weak demand for cartons & labels except fast-foods
- Tissue had a good year
- Good performance from Sacks
- Nigeria performed well but affected by devaluation of Naira
- Big loss in Leeds
- Losses in smaller businesses R29m



#### **Plastics**

	Revenue		Trading income		Margin %	
	2009	2008	2009 2008		2009	2008
Africa Rm	3 247	3 165	163	161	5.0	5.1
Europe £m	107	120	6.7	11.5	6.2	9.3

- Lower polymer prices helped margin stability
- Good demand for milk, juice and CSD bottles in South Africa
- Crates, drums, tubes & tubs down
- Strong demand for wine closures
- Zambia had an excellent year
- Europe affected by liquidation of major customer



## THE WAY FORWARD



## **The Way Forward**

- 10 years of underperformance
- Strategic review March 2009
- Strategic Plan
- Conclusion



# NAMPAK A 10 YEAR UNDERPERFORMER



## Nampak Market Cap Ranking

Ranking	1999	2004	2009
1			
5			
10			
15			
20			
25			
30	30 – R9.4bn		30 – R31.5bn
35			
40		38 – R10.0bn	
45			
50			
55			
60			60 – R11.3bn

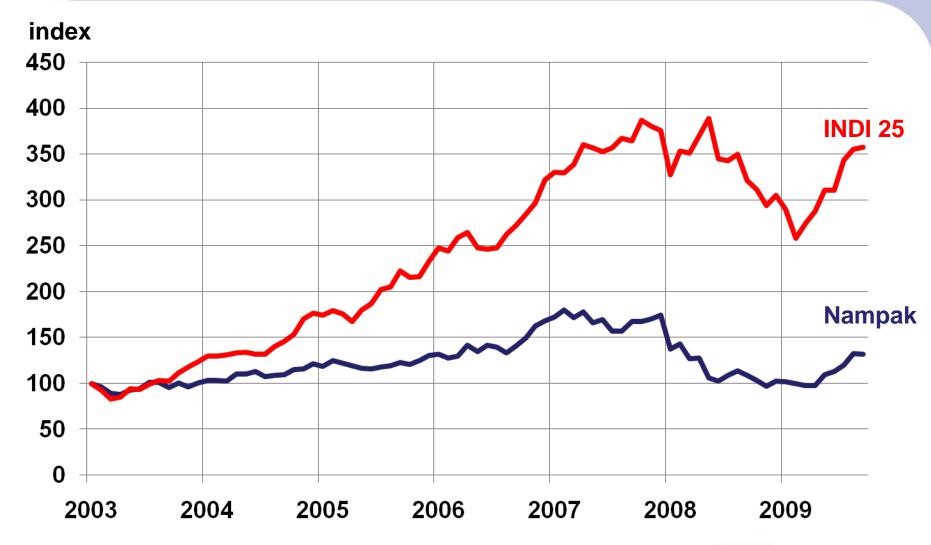


#### Nampak vs Alsi





### Nampak vs INDI 25





### **Media Perception**

- "Nampak never fails to disappoint, it always disappoints",
   Moneyweb Oct 09
- "If there was a prize for disappointing, Nampak would be right up there", Moneyweb Oct 09
- "The perpetually underperforming packaging company,
   Nampak", Sunday Times, Nov 09



# STRATEGIC REVIEW MARCH 2009



## **Strategic Review**

 80% of Nampak operations are profitable and have sustainable competitive advantages in markets in which they operate



#### **Bevcan**

- Sole supplier of beverage cans in South Africa
- High barriers to entry
- National geographic spread of plants









#### **DivFood**



- 85% market share of food cans
- Sole supplier of aluminium aerosol cans in South Africa
- Leading supplier of other metal cans









#### **Glass**

- Only two players
  - Nampak 20%, Consol 80%
- High barriers to entry





### Liquid/Petpak

- >50% market share of milk bottle market
- In-plant technology
- Systems approach
- Geographical footprint











### **Nampak Plastics Europe**

- >60% market share
- Low cost model
- In-plants and geographical footprint
- Long-term contracts







## **Closures**

- Sole supplier of twist-off closures
- Only 2 suppliers of ROPP closures
- Manufacturing licences









## **Tissue**

- Established and trusted brands
  - Largest single-ply tissue brand
  - o 2<sup>nd</sup> largest 2-ply brand
  - Cuddlers 3<sup>rd</sup> largest diaper brand
  - Lifestyle 2<sup>nd</sup> largest fempro brand
- National footprint
- Control of recycled raw material

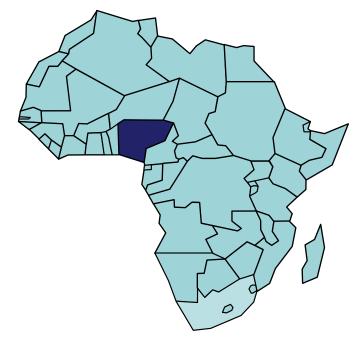








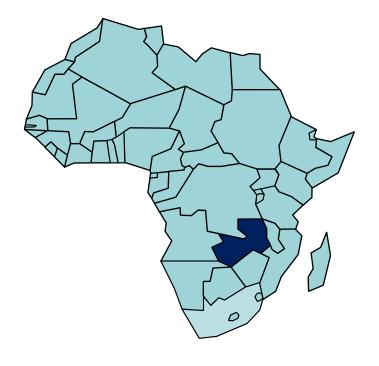
## **Nigeria**



- Only manufacturer of cigarette packaging
- BAT long-term contract
- Other folding carton business
- Superior equipment
- Growing consumer market
- Opportunities to expand metal packaging



### Zambia



### Mini Nampak

- Crowns
- Steel drums
- Plastic crates
- Folding cartons
- o Corrugated
- Liquid cartons
- Plastic bottles



## **Strategic Review**

- 80% of Nampak operations are profitable and have sustainable competitive advantages in markets in which they operate
- 20% of Nampak operations are loss-making or earning returns
  less than hurdle rates and have been in this position for a
  number of years and have no sustainable competitive advantages



## Corrugated

- Limited pricing power
- Low barriers to entry in converting
- Not cost-competitive
- Overcapacity









## **Other Underperformers**

- Flexpak sold
- Foam closed
- Others in progress

**No Further Capex** 

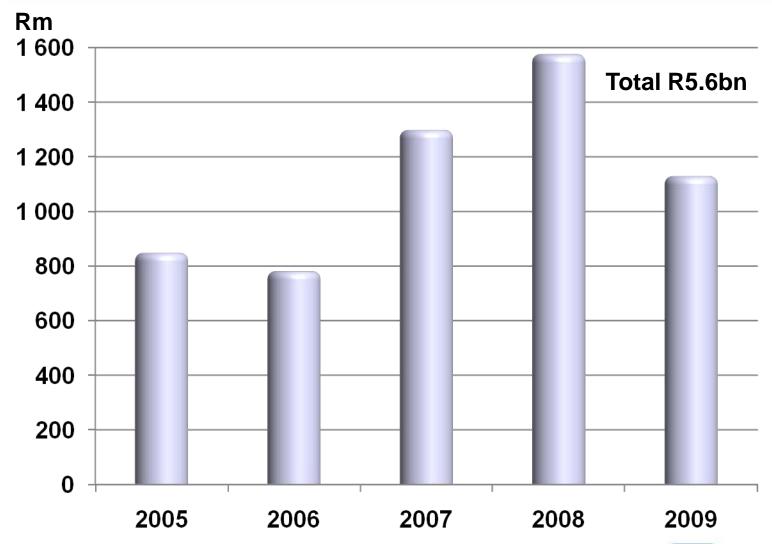


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- Very high capex

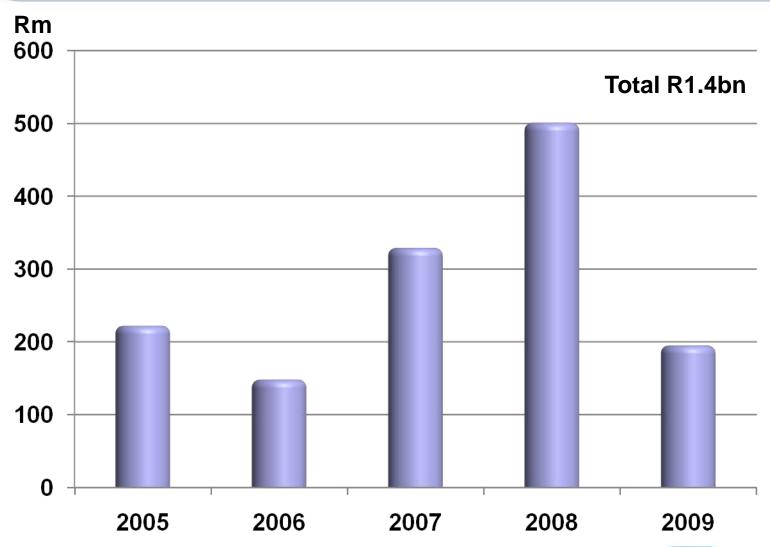


## **Total Group Capex**





# **Capex on Underperformers**



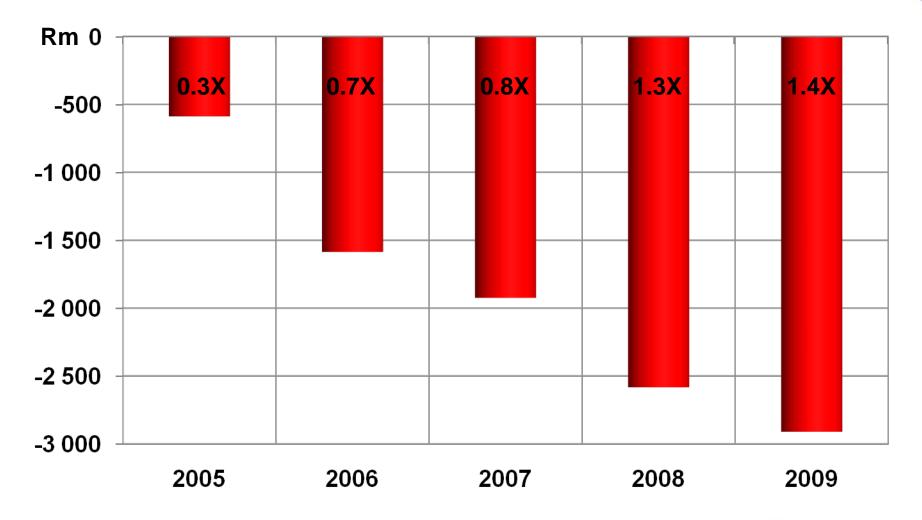


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- Very high capex
- High debt levels



## **Net Debt**





## **Strategic Review**

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- Very high capex
- High debt levels
- Lack of operational focus



## **Strategic Review**

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- 20% of Nampak operations are loss-making or earning returns
  less than hurdle rates and have been in this position for a
  number of years and have no sustainable competitive advantages
- Very high capex
- High debt levels
- Lack of operational focus
- High group and head office costs



# STRATEGIC PLAN



Grow our core profitable operations



# **Angola**







### 2-Piece Food Can Production



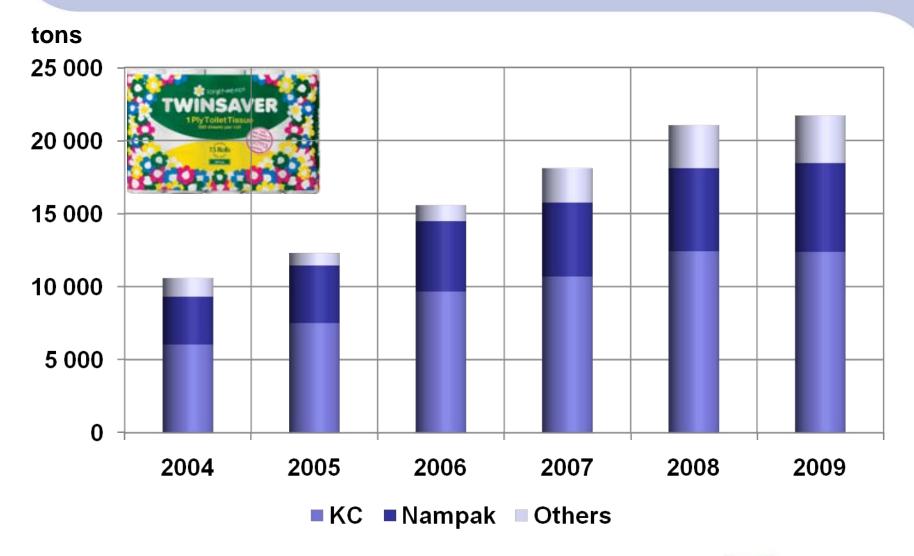


## **New Business in Nigeria**





## 2-ply Tissue Growth





## **Other Growth Products**













- Grow our core profitable operations (80%)
- Non-performing operations being fixed/sold/closed (20%)
  - Industry solutions/rationalisation being pursued where appropriate
  - No further capex on non-performers
    - √ Corrugated improvement
    - ✓ Leeds break-even
    - √ Flexpak sold
    - √ Foam closed
    - ✓ Others



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- Capex< depreciation for next 2/3 years</li>



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- Capex< depreciation for next 2/3 years</li>
- New management structure and decentraliased/operational focus



## **Executive Management Structure**

AB Marshall
Chief Executive Officer\*



G Griffiths Chief Financial

Officer\*



**CH Bromley** 

Metals & Glass

Bevcan
DivFood
Glass
Research &
Development



**HMT** Reid

#### Europe

Cartons Healthcare Plastics



₹V Tshiqi

Group HR
Transformation



#### **RG Morris**

#### Paper & Flexibles

Cartons & Labels Corrugated Flexibles L &CP Sacks Interpak Books

Sacks
Interpak Books
Disaki Cores & Tubes
Redibox

#### PA de Weerdt

#### **Rigid Plastics**

Closures Liquid Megapak Petpak Tubes & Tubs



SE Msane
DivFood



NP O'Brien

Group Legal Insurance Secretarial



**K Nzimande** 

Tissue



\* Executive Directors

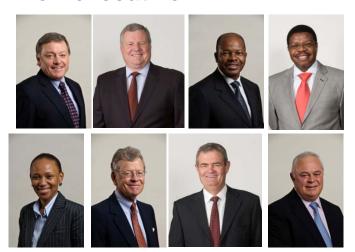
Mar 09 - 12

Sep 09 - 10 more operationally focused



## **Board Changes**

# **Current Members Non-executive**



### Retired/resigned



#### **Executive**













- Grow our core profitable operations (80%)
- Non-performing operations being fixed/sold/closed (20%)
  - Industry solutions/rationalisation being pursued where appropriate
  - No further capex on non-performers
- Industry solutions
- Capex < depreciation for next 2/3 years</li>
- New management structure and decentralised/operational focus
- R35m reduction in head office costs



- Grow our core profitable operations (80%)
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  - Industry solutions/rationalisation being pursued where appropriate
  - No further capex on non-performers
- Industry solutions
- Capex < depreciation for next 2/3 years</li>
- New management structure and decentralised/operational focus
- R35m reduction in head office costs
- Reduced debt and interest charges



### Conclusion

80% of Nampak is profitable with strong market positions –

#### **GROW**

- 20% is loss-making and needs to be fixed/sold/closed
- Capex restricted
- Further cost reductions
- Operational, hand-on management
- ACTION and IMPLEMENTATION



# **THANK YOU**

